

1.1.10 World Primary Energy Consumption and Population, by Country/Region

Region/Country	Energy Consumption (Quad)				Population (million)				Annual Growth Rate			
									1990-2000		2000-2010	
	1990	2000	2010		1990	2000	2010		Energy	Pop.	Energy	Pop.
United States	84.6	99.3	24.9%	111.8	255	276	4.6%	309	1.6%	0.8%	1.2%	1.1%
Western Europe (1)	59.9	66.8	16.7%	71.2	377	390	6.4%	396	1.1%	0.3%	0.6%	0.2%
Former Soviet Union	60.7	40.8	10.2%	46.2	290	289	4.8%	283	-3.9%	0.0%	1.3%	-0.2%
China	27.0	37.0	9.3%	54.6	1155	1275	21.0%	1365	3.2%	1.0%	4.0%	0.7%
Other Asia	22.1	36.6	9.2%	46.2	808	977	16.1%	1145	5.2%	1.9%	2.4%	1.6%
Japan	17.9	21.8	5.5%	23.9	124	127	2.1%	128	2.0%	0.2%	0.9%	0.1%
Central & S. America	14.4	21.0	5.3%	25.4	358	421	6.9%	481	3.8%	1.6%	1.9%	1.3%
Middle East	13.1	20.3	5.1%	25.0	193	242	4.0%	294	4.5%	2.3%	2.1%	2.0%
Canada	11.0	13.2	3.3%	15.4	28	31	0.5%	33	1.8%	1.0%	1.6%	0.6%
India	7.8	12.7	3.2%	16.4	846	1017	16.8%	1174	5.0%	1.9%	2.6%	1.4%
Africa	9.3	11.9	3.0%	14.6	622	796	13.1%	984	2.5%	2.5%	2.1%	2.1%
Eastern Europe	15.6	11.3	2.8%	12.8	122	121	2.0%	119	-3.2%	-0.1%	1.3%	-0.2%
Mexico	5.0	6.2	1.6%	7.3	83	99	1.6%	113	2.2%	1.8%	1.6%	1.3%
World Total	348.4	398.9	100%	470.8	5263	6061	100%	6825	1.4%	1.4%	1.7%	1.2%

Note(s): 1) Germany consumed 14.2 quads, France 10.4 quads, United Kingdom 9.8 quads, and Italy 8.0 quads.

Source(s): EIA, International Energy Outlook 2004, April 2004, Table A1, p. 163 and Table A14, p. 177.